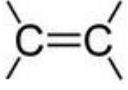
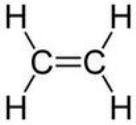

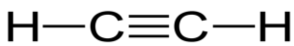
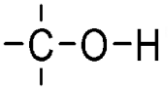
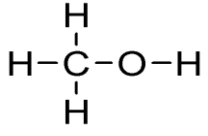
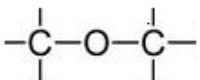
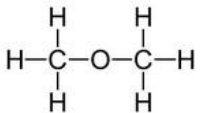
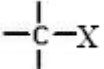
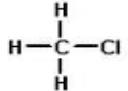
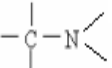
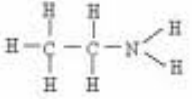

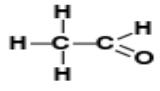
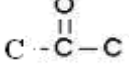
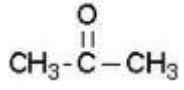
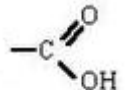
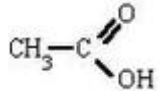
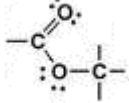
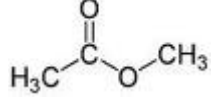
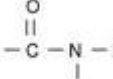
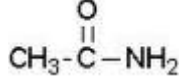


# REVISIÓN GENERAL. GRUPO FUNCIONAL. QUÍMICA ORGÁNICA

GRUPO FUNCIONAL	TIPO DE COMPUESTO	SUFIJO	EJEMPLO	NOMBRE SISTEMÁTICO (NOMBRE COMÚN)
	ALQUENO	-eno		eteno (etileno)
	ALQUINO	-ino		etino (acetileno)
	ALCOHOL	-ol		metanol (alcohol metílico)
	ÉTER	éter		Éter dimetílico o dimetiléter
	HALOALCANO	halo		Clorometano (cloruro de metilo)
	AMINA	-amina		Etilamina
	ALDEHIDO	-al		Etanal (acetaldehído)
	CETONA	-ona		Propanona (acetona)
	ÁCIDO CARBOXILICO	-oico		Ácido etanoico (ácido acético)
	ÉSTER	-ato		Etanoato de metilo (acetato de metilo)
	AMIDA	-amida		Etanamida (acetamida)